



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

DOW CHEMICAL (AUSTRALIA) PTY LTD

**Product name:** SYLTHERM XLT™ Heat Transfer Fluid

**Issue Date:** 05.06.2025

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DOW CHEMICAL (AUSTRALIA) PTY LTD encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

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## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION: PRODUCT IDENTIFIER AND CHEMICAL IDENTITY

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**Product name:** SYLTHERM XLT™ Heat Transfer Fluid

**Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use**

**Identified uses:** Heat transfer agents

### COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

DOW CHEMICAL (AUSTRALIA) PTY LTD  
LEVEL 29  
367 COLLINS STREET  
MELBOURNE VIC 3000  
AUSTRALIA

**Customer Information Number:**

1800-780-074  
SDSQuestion@dow.com

### EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

**24-Hour Emergency Contact:** 1800-033-882

**Local Emergency Contact:** 1800-033-882

**For advice, contact a doctor (at once) or the Australian Poisons Information Centre:** 131 126

**Transport Emergency Only Dial** 000

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## SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

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### GHS Classification

Flammable liquids - Category 3

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard - Category 2

**GHS label elements**

**Hazard pictograms**



Signal word: **WARNING!**

**Hazard statements**

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.  
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements****Prevention**

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P233 Keep container tightly closed.  
P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.  
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment.  
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

**Response**

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.  
P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.  
P391 Collect spillage.

**Storage**

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Disposal**

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

**Other hazards**

No data available

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**SECTION 3: COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS, IN ACCORDANCE WITH SCHEDULE 8**

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This product is a mixture.

Component	CASRN	Concentration
Octamethyltrisiloxane	107-51-7	>= 38.0 - <= 42.0 %
Decamethyltetrasiloxane	141-62-8	>= 26.0 - <= 29.0 %

Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	$\geq 0.7 - \leq 1.2 \%$
Hexamethyldisiloxane	107-46-0	$\geq 0.09 - < 0.19 \%$

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## SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

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### Description of first aid measures

#### General advice:

If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

**Inhalation:** Move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing; consult a physician.

**Skin contact:** Wash off with plenty of water.

**Eye contact:** Flush eyes thoroughly with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses after the initial 1-2 minutes and continue flushing for several additional minutes. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

**Ingestion:** If swallowed, seek medical attention. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes to physician:** No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

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## SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

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### Hazchem Code

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### Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media:** Alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Dry sand.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** High volume water jet. Do not use direct water stream..

### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Hazardous combustion products:** Carbon oxides. Silicon oxides.

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Flash back possible over considerable distance.. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.. Flammable concentrations of

vapor can accumulate at temperatures above flash point; see Section 9.. Flammable mixtures may exist within the vapor space of containers at room temperature.. Closed containers may rupture via pressure build-up when exposed to fire or extreme heat.. Fire burns more vigorously than would be expected.. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air..

### Advice for firefighters

**Fire Fighting Procedures:** Use water spray to cool unopened containers.. Evacuate area.. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage.. Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers and fire affected zone until fire is out and danger of reignition has passed.. Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.

**Special protective equipment for firefighters:** In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.. Use personal protective equipment..

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## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

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### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protective equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition in vicinity of spill or released vapor to avoid fire or explosion. Ground and bond all containers and handling equipment. Vapor explosion hazard. Keep out of sewers. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

**Environmental precautions:** Do not release the product to the aquatic environment above defined regulatory levels. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Non-sparking tools should be used. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbant. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Dispose of saturated absorbent or cleaning materials appropriately, since spontaneous heating may occur. See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

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## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE, INCLUDING HOW THE CHEMICAL MAY BE SAFELY USED

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**Precautions for safe handling:** Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Avoid contact with eyes. Do not swallow. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment. Non-sparking tools should be used. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. CONTAINERS MAY BE

HAZARDOUS WHEN EMPTY. Since emptied containers retain product residue follow all (M)SDS and label warnings even after container is emptied.

Use with local exhaust ventilation. Use only in an area equipped with explosion proof exhaust ventilation. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

**Conditions for safe storage:** Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents. Organic peroxides. Flammable solids. Pyrophoric liquids. Pyrophoric solids. Self-heating substances and mixtures. Substances and mixtures, which in contact with water, emit flammable gases. Explosives. Gases. Unsuitable materials for containers: None known.

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## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

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### Control parameters

If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value
Octamethyltrisiloxane	Dow IHG	TWA	20 ppm
Decamethyltetrasiloxane	Dow IHG	TWA	20 ppm
Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane	US WEEL	TWA	10 ppm
Hexamethyldisiloxane	Dow IHG	TWA	50 ppm

### Exposure controls

**Engineering controls:** Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

### Individual protection measures

**Eye/face protection:** Use safety glasses (with side shields).

#### Skin protection

**Hand protection:** Use gloves chemically resistant to this material when prolonged or frequently repeated contact could occur. Use chemical resistant gloves classified under standard AS/NZS 2161.10: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Natural rubber ("latex"). Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 3 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 60 minutes according to AS/NZS 2161.10) is recommended. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

**Other protection:** Wear clean, body-covering clothing.

**Respiratory protection:** Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit

requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. For most conditions, no respiratory protection should be needed; however, if material is heated or sprayed, use an approved air-purifying respirator. The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter.

**Other Information:** Selection and use of personal protective equipment should be in accordance with the recommendations in one or more of the relevant Australian/New Zealand Standards, including:  
AS/NZS 1336: Eye and face protection – Guidelines.  
AS/NZS 1337: Personal eye protection - Eye and face protectors for occupational applications.  
AS/NZS 1715: Selection, use and maintenance of respiratory protective equipment.  
AS/NZS 2161: Occupational protective gloves.  
AS/NZS 2210: Occupational protective footwear.  
AS/NZS 4501: Occupational protective clothing Set

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## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

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### Appearance

Physical state	liquid
Color	colourless

Odor none

Odor Threshold No data available

pH Not applicable, substance/mixture is non-polar/aprotic

### Melting point/freezing point

Melting point/ range No data available

Freezing point No data available

### Boiling point, initial boiling point and boiling range

Boiling point (760 mmHg) > 190 °C

Flash point Tag closed cup 45.5 °C

Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1) No data available

### Flammability

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable

Flammability (liquids) No data available

### Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Lower explosion limit 0.9 % vol

Upper explosion limit 13.75 % vol

Vapor Pressure 4 hPa

### Relative vapour density

Relative Vapor Density (air = 1) No data available

### Density and / or relative density

Relative Density (water = 1) 0.85

### Solubility(ies)

Water solubility	No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water (log value)	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	350 °C
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Kinematic Viscosity	1.6 mm <sup>2</sup> /s
Explosive properties	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight	No data available
Particle characteristics	
Particle size	No data available

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

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## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

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**Reactivity:** Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

**Chemical stability:** Stable under normal conditions.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions:** Can react with strong oxidizing agents. Vapours may form explosive mixture with air. Flammable liquid and vapour.

**Conditions to avoid:** Avoid static discharge. Heat, flames and sparks.

**Incompatible materials:** Avoid contact with oxidizing materials.

**Hazardous decomposition products:**

Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Formaldehyde.

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## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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*Toxicological information appears in this section when such data are available.*

### Exposure routes

Inhalation, Eye contact, Skin contact, Ingestion.

**Acute toxicity (represents short term exposures with immediate effects - no chronic/delayed effects known unless otherwise noted)**

### Acute Toxicity Endpoints:

Not classified based on available information.

### Acute oral toxicity

### Information for the Product:

Low toxicity if swallowed. Small amounts swallowed incidentally as a result of normal handling operations are not likely to cause injury; however, swallowing larger amounts may cause injury.

As product: Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

Based on information for component(s):  
LD50, > 2,000 mg/kg Estimated.

**Information for components:****Octamethyltrisiloxane**

LD50, Rat, female, > 2,000 mg/kg No deaths occurred at this concentration.

**Decamethyltetrasiloxane**

Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

For similar material(s): LD50, Rat, > 2,000 mg/kg

**Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane**

LD50, Rat, male, > 4,800 mg/kg No deaths occurred at this concentration.

**Hexamethyldisiloxane**

LD50, Rat, > 5,000 mg/kg

**Acute dermal toxicity****Information for the Product:**

Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

As product: The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

Based on information for component(s):  
LD50, Rat, > 2,000 mg/kg Estimated.

**Information for components:****Octamethyltrisiloxane**

LD50, Rat, male and female, > 2,000 mg/kg No deaths occurred at this concentration.

**Decamethyltetrasiloxane**

LD50, Rat, > 2,000 mg/kg No deaths occurred at this concentration.

**Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane**

LD50, Rat, male and female, > 2,400 mg/kg No deaths occurred at this concentration.

**Hexamethyldisiloxane**

LD50, Rat, > 2,000 mg/kg No deaths occurred at this concentration.

**Acute inhalation toxicity****Information for the Product:**



Brief exposure (minutes) is not likely to cause adverse effects. Vapor from heated material or mist may cause respiratory irritation.

As product: The LC50 has not been determined.

**Information for components:****Octamethyltrisiloxane**

LC50, Rat, male and female, 4 Hour, vapour, > 22.6 mg/l No deaths occurred at this concentration.

**Decamethyltetrasiloxane**

LC50, Rat, 6 Hour, vapour, > 5,080 mg/l No deaths occurred at this concentration.

**Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane**

LC50, Rat, male and female, 4 Hour, dust/mist, 36 mg/l OECD Test Guideline 403

**Hexamethyldisiloxane**

LC50, Rat, male and female, 4 Hour, vapour, 106 mg/l OECD Test Guideline 403

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Not classified based on available information.

**Information for the Product:**

Based on information for component(s):  
Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

**Information for components:****Octamethyltrisiloxane**

Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

**Decamethyltetrasiloxane**

Essentially nonirritating to skin.

**Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane**

Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

**Hexamethyldisiloxane**

Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

Prolonged contact may cause skin irritation with local redness.

May cause more severe response on covered skin (under clothing, gloves).

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Not classified based on available information.

**Information for the Product:**

Based on information for component(s):  
May cause slight temporary eye irritation.  
Corneal injury is unlikely.

May cause mild eye discomfort.

**Information for components:**

**Octamethyltrisiloxane**

May cause slight temporary eye irritation.  
Corneal injury is unlikely.

**Decamethyltetrasiloxane**

May cause slight temporary eye irritation.  
Corneal injury is unlikely.

**Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane**

Essentially nonirritating to eyes.

**Hexamethyldisiloxane**

May cause slight temporary eye irritation.  
Corneal injury is unlikely.  
Vapor or mist may cause eye irritation.

**Sensitization**

**For skin sensitization:**

Not classified based on available information.

**For respiratory sensitization:**

Not classified based on available information.

**Information for the Product:**

For skin sensitization:

Contains component(s) which did not cause allergic skin sensitization in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

**Information for components:**

**Octamethyltrisiloxane**

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

**Decamethyltetrasiloxane**

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

**Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane**

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

**Hexamethyldisiloxane**

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in humans.

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

**Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)**

Not classified based on available information.

**Information for the Product:**

Product test data not available.

**Information for components:**

**Octamethyltrisiloxane**

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

**Decamethyltetrasiloxane**

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

**Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane**

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

**Hexamethyldisiloxane**

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

**Aspiration Hazard**

Not classified based on available information.

**Information for the Product:**

Based on available information, aspiration hazard could not be determined.

**Information for components:**

**Octamethyltrisiloxane**

Based on available information, aspiration hazard could not be determined.

**Decamethyltetrasiloxane**

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

**Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane**

Material is not classified as an aspiration hazard based on insufficient data, however materials with low viscosity may be aspirated into the lungs during ingestion or vomiting.

**Hexamethyldisiloxane**

Based on available information, aspiration hazard could not be determined.

**Chronic toxicity (represents longer term exposures with repeated dose resulting in chronic/delayed effects - no immediate effects known unless otherwise noted)**

**Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)**

Not classified based on available information.

**Information for the Product:**

Product test data not available.

**Information for components:**

**Octamethyltrisiloxane**

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Liver

This material contains octamethyltrisiloxane (L3). Repeated inhalation exposure in rats to L3 resulted in protoporphyrin accumulation in the liver. Without knowledge of the specific mechanism leading to the protoporphyrin accumulation the relevance of this finding to humans is unknown.

**Decamethyltetrasiloxane**

This material contains decamethyltetrasiloxane (L4). Repeated oral exposure in rats to L4 resulted in protoporphyrin accumulation in the liver. Without knowledge of the specific mechanism leading to the protoporphyrin accumulation the relevance of this finding to humans is unknown.

**Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane**

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Kidney.

Liver.

Respiratory tract.

Female reproductive organs.

**Hexamethyldisiloxane**

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Liver.

Testes.

Kidney.

However, the effects are species specific and are not relevant to humans.

This material contains hexamethyldisiloxane (HMDS). Repeated inhalation exposure in rats to HMDS resulted in protoporphyrin accumulation in the liver. Without knowledge of the specific mechanism leading to the protoporphyrin accumulation the relevance of this finding to humans is unknown.

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Information for the Product:**

Product test data not available.

**Information for components:**

**Octamethyltrisiloxane**

Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

**Decamethyltetrasiloxane**

No relevant data found.

**Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane**

Results from a 2 year repeated vapour inhalation exposure study to rats of octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (D4) indicate effects (benign uterine adenomas) in the uterus of female animals. This finding occurred at the highest exposure dose (700 ppm) only. Studies to date have not demonstrated if these effects occur through pathways that are relevant to humans. Repeated exposure in rats to D4 resulted in protoporphyrin accumulation in the liver. Without knowledge of the specific mechanism leading to the protoporphyrin accumulation the relevance of this finding to humans is unknown.

**Hexamethyldisiloxane**

Kidney effects and/or tumors have been observed in male rats. These effects are believed to be species specific and unlikely to occur in humans. Early onset of testicular cell tumors has been observed that are spontaneous and common in rats. These effects are believed to be species specific and unlikely to occur in humans.

**Teratogenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Information for the Product:**

Product test data not available.

**Information for components:****Octamethyltrisiloxane**

Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

**Decamethyltetrasiloxane**

Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

**Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane**

Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

**Hexamethyldisiloxane**

Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

**Reproductive toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Information for the Product:**

Product test data not available.

**Information for components:**

**Octamethyltrisiloxane**

In animal studies, did not interfere with fertility. In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

**Decamethyltetrasiloxane**

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

**Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane**

In laboratory animal studies, effects on reproduction have been seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals. In animal studies, has been shown to interfere with fertility.

**Hexamethyldisiloxane**

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

**Mutagenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Information for the Product:**

Product test data not available.

**Information for components:****Octamethyltrisiloxane**

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

**Decamethyltetrasiloxane**

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

**Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane**

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

**Hexamethyldisiloxane**

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

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**SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

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*Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data are available.*

**Ecotoxicity****Octamethyltrisiloxane****Acute toxicity to fish**

Not expected to be acutely toxic to aquatic organisms.

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), flow-through test, 96 Hour, > 0.0191 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203

**Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), flow-through test, 48 Hour, > 0.02 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202

**Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

EC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), static test, 72 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, > 0.0094 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201

**Toxicity to bacteria**

For similar material(s):

EC50, activated sludge, static test, 3 Hour, Respiration rates., > 100 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 209

**Chronic toxicity to fish**

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

NOEC, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 90 d, > 0.027 mg/l

**Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), flow-through test, 21 d, > 0.015 mg/l

**Decamethyltetrasiloxane****Acute toxicity to fish**

Not expected to be acutely toxic to aquatic organisms.

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), flow-through, 96 Hour, > 0.0063 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203

**Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, > 0.0055 mg/l

**Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

EC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), Static, 72 Hour, Growth rate, > 0.0022 mg/l

**Toxicity to bacteria**

EC50, activated sludge, Static, 3 Hour, Respiration rates., > 100 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 209

**Chronic toxicity to fish**

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 14 d, > 0.0056 mg/l

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

NOEC, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 14 d, >= 0.0056 mg/l

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

NOEC, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 90 d, >= 0.0079 mg/l

**Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 21 d, 0.0049 mg/l

**Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane**

**Acute toxicity to fish**

Not expected to be acutely toxic to aquatic organisms.

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), flow-through, 96 Hour, > 0.022 mg/l

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

LC50, Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow), flow-through, 14 d, > 0.0063 mg/l

**Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

EC50, Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp), flow-through test, 96 Hour, > 0.0091 mg/l

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), flow-through test, 48 Hour, > 0.015 mg/l

**Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 96 Hour, Growth rate, > 0.022 mg/l

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

EC10, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 96 Hour, Growth rate, >= 0.022 mg/l

**Chronic toxicity to fish**

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

NOEC, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 93 d, growth, >= 0.0044 mg/l

**Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 21 d, survival, >= 0.0079 mg/l

**Hexamethyldisiloxane****Acute toxicity to fish**

Material is highly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 0.1 and 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), flow-through test, 96 Hour, 0.46 mg/l

**Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

ErC50, Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae), 72 Hour, Growth rate, > 0.55 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201

**Chronic toxicity to fish**

NOEC, Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas), flow-through, 32 d, growth, 0.029 mg/l

**Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), semi-static test, 21 d, number of offspring, 0.08 mg/l

**Persistence and degradability****Octamethyltrisiloxane**

**Biodegradability:** Biodegradation under aerobic laboratory conditions is below detectable limits (BOD20 or BOD28/ThOD < 2.5%).

10-day Window: Not applicable

**Biodegradation:** 0 %

**Exposure time:** 28 d

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 310 or Equivalent

**Photodegradation**



**Atmospheric half-life:** 8.94 d

**Method:** Estimated.

#### Decamethyltetrasiloxane

**Biodegradability:** Material is not readily biodegradable according to OECD/EEC guidelines.

10-day Window: Not applicable

**Biodegradation:** 0 %

**Exposure time:** 28 d

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 310

#### Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane

**Biodegradability:** Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability.

10-day Window: Not applicable

**Biodegradation:** 3.7 %

**Exposure time:** 28 d

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 310

#### **Stability in Water (1/2-life)**

Hydrolysis, DT50, 3.9 d, pH 7, Half-life Temperature 25 °C, OECD Test Guideline 111

Hydrolysis, DT50, 16.7 d, pH 7, Half-life Temperature 12 °C, OECD Test Guideline 111

Hydrolysis, DT50, 0.075 d, pH 4, Half-life Temperature 25 °C, OECD Test Guideline 111

#### **Photodegradation**

**Atmospheric half-life:** 16 d

**Method:** Estimated.

#### Hexamethyldisiloxane

**Biodegradability:** Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability. This material rapidly hydrolyzes to products that are either readily or ultimately biodegradable.

10-day Window: Not applicable

**Biodegradation:** 2 %

**Exposure time:** 28 d

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301C

#### **Stability in Water (1/2-life)**

Hydrolyses on contact with water.

#### **Photodegradation**

**Test Type:** Half-life (indirect photolysis)

**Sensitization:** OH radicals

**Atmospheric half-life:** 11.9 d

**Method:** Estimated.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

#### Octamethyltrisiloxane

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is high (BCF > 3000 or Log Pow between 5 and 7).

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** 5.35 Estimated.

**Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** >= 500 Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) OECD Test Guideline 305

**Decamethyltetrasiloxane**

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is high (BCF > 3000 or Log Pow between 5 and 7).

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** 8.21 Measured

**Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 6,910 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) OECD Test Guideline 305

**Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane**

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is high (BCF > 3000 or Log Pow between 5 and 7).

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** 6.49 Measured

**Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 12,400 Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) Measured

**Hexamethyldisiloxane**

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is moderate (BCF between 100 and 3000 or Log Pow between 3 and 5). Reacts with water.

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** 5.06 Measured

**Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 1,971 Carp (Cyprinus carpio) OECD Test Guideline 305C

**Mobility in Soil****Octamethyltrisiloxane**

**Partition coefficient (Koc):** 3179 Estimated.

**Decamethyltetrasiloxane**

OECD Test Guideline 106

**Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane**

**Partition coefficient (Koc):** 16596 OECD Test Guideline 106

**Hexamethyldisiloxane**

**Partition coefficient (Koc):** 390 - 4600 Estimated.

**Results of PBT and vPvB assessment****Octamethyltrisiloxane**

Substance is not persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic (PBT).

Octamethyltrisiloxane (L3) meets the current REACH Annex XIII screening criteria for vPvB.

However, octamethyltrisiloxane (L3) does not behave similarly to known PBT/vPvB

substances. The weight of scientific evidence from field studies shows that

octamethyltrisiloxane (L3) is not biomagnifying in aquatic and terrestrial food webs.

Octamethyltrisiloxane (L3) in air will degrade by reaction with naturally occurring hydroxyl

radicals in the atmosphere. Any octamethyltrisiloxane (L3) in air that does not degrade by

reaction with hydroxyl radicals is not expected to deposit from the air to water, to land, or to living organisms.

**Decamethyltetrasiloxane**

Substance is not persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic (PBT). Substance is not very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

**Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane**

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (D4) meets the current criteria for PBT and vPvB under REACH

Annex XIII or other regionally specific criteria. However, D4 does not behave similarly to

known PBT/vPvB substances. The weight of scientific evidence from field studies shows that

D4 is not biomagnifying in aquatic and terrestrial food webs. D4 in air will degrade by reaction with naturally occurring hydroxyl radicals in the atmosphere. Any D4 in air that does not degrade by reaction with hydroxyl radicals is not expected to deposit from the air to water, to land, or to living organisms.

**Hexamethyldisiloxane**

Substance is not persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic (PBT). Substance is not very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

**Other adverse effects****Octamethyltrisiloxane**

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

**Decamethyltetrasiloxane**

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

**Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane**

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

**Hexamethyldisiloxane**

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

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**SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

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**Disposal methods:** DO NOT DUMP INTO ANY SEWERS, ON THE GROUND, OR INTO ANY BODY OF WATER. All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility of the waste generator. AS YOUR SUPPLIER, WE HAVE NO CONTROL OVER THE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OR MANUFACTURING PROCESSES OF PARTIES HANDLING OR USING THIS MATERIAL. THE INFORMATION PRESENTED HERE PERTAINS ONLY TO THE PRODUCT AS SHIPPED IN ITS INTENDED CONDITION AS DESCRIBED IN SDS SECTION 1: Identified Uses. FOR UNUSED & UNCONTAMINATED PRODUCT, the preferred options include sending to a licensed, permitted: Incinerator or other thermal destruction device. For additional information, refer to: Handling & Storage Information, MSDS Section 7 Stability & Reactivity Information, MSDS Section 10 Regulatory Information, MSDS Section 15

**Treatment and disposal methods of used packaging:** Empty containers should be recycled or otherwise disposed of by an approved waste management facility. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility of the waste generator. Do not re-use containers for any purpose.

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**SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

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**ADG****Proper shipping name**FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.(Octamethyltrisiloxane,  
Decamethyltetrasiloxane)**UN number**

UN 1993

<b>Class</b>	3
<b>Packing group</b>	III
<b>Marine pollutant</b>	Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane

**Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):**

<b>Proper shipping name</b>	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.(Octamethyltrisiloxane, Decamethyltetrasiloxane)
<b>UN number</b>	UN 1993
<b>Class</b>	3
<b>Packing group</b>	III
<b>Marine pollutant</b>	Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	EmS: F-E, S-E
<b>Transport in bulk according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC or IGC Code</b>	Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

**Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):**

<b>Proper shipping name</b>	Flammable liquid, n.o.s.(Octamethyltrisiloxane, Decamethyltetrasiloxane)
<b>UN number</b>	UN 1993
<b>Class</b>	3
<b>Packing group</b>	III

**Hazchem Code**

•3Y

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

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**SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

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**Poison Schedule**

Not Scheduled

**Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)**

All substances contained in this product are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals, or are not required to be listed.

Prohibition/Licensing Requirements : There is no applicable prohibition, authorisation and restricted use requirements, including for carcinogens referred to in Schedule 10 of the model WHS Act and Regulations.

## SECTION 16: ANY OTHER RELEVANT INFORMATION

### Revision

Identification Number: 99109133 / A142 / Issue Date: 05.06.2025 / Version: 6.0

In case this version of the SDS contains significant changes from the previous version, they are listed below or noted by bold, double bars in the left-hand margin throughout this document.

Changes encompass identification, hazards, tox/eco-tox information and the addition/removal of the ingredients, and regulatory information, hazard information, uses, risk management measures and other key regulatory changes of the product. Detailed explanation of the changes can be obtained upon request.

### Legend

Dow IHG	Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline
TWA	Time weighted average
US WEEL	USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)

### Full text of other abbreviations

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the

Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

DOW CHEMICAL (AUSTRALIA) PTY LTD urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.

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